# Calculation Policy: Y5 

Avonwood Primary School
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## Key vocabulary

Place value: ones, tens, hundreds, column, ascending, descending, consecutive
Addition: sum, addend, add
Subtraction: difference, subtrahend, subtract
Multiplication: product, multiplicand, multiplier, multiply, repeated addition, composite number, multiple, product, factor Division: quotient, dividend, divisor, divide, repeated subtraction, bisect, factor

Fractions: denominator, numerator, equal part, whole
Manipulatives: place value counters, Dienes
Representations: represent, representation, numberline, array, row/column, Part-Part-Whole diagram, bar model

## YEAR 5: Addition

## Manipulatives

The recommended manipulatives (physical resources) for adding numbers with more than 4- digits are place value counters and Dienes. This should build on prior knowledge.


## Factual knowledge

The key factual knowledge includes recall of addition/subtraction facts to 100 and doubling/halving facts to 100 and Roman Numerals I-M.


## Representations

The key representations used are place value grids, bar models and part-part-whole diagrams (which encourage children to apply their knowledge of place value).


## Procedural knowledge

The key methods is formal column addition.

|  | Th | H | T | O |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 4 | 3 | 5 | 6 |
| + | 2 | 4 | 3 | 5 |
|  | 6 | 7 | 9 | 1 |

## Addition in Year 5

1. The recommended manipulatives (physical

| Th | H | T | $\bigcirc$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\stackrel{\theta}{\theta}^{\Theta \Theta}$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\begin{aligned} & 000 \\ & 00 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| $\Theta \ominus$ | $\Theta^{\Theta \ominus}$ | OOO | $09$ |

2. The key representations used are: part-partwhole diagrams and , bar models (which encourage children to apply their knowledge of place value) and place value grids.

3. The key methods is formal column addition.

(3) |  | Th | H | T | O |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 4 | 3 | 5 | 6 |  |
| + | 2 | 4 | 3 | 5 |  |
| 6 | 7 | 9 | 1 |  |  |
| 1 |  |  |  |  |  |

## YEAR 5: Subtraction

## Manipulatives

The recommended manipulatives (physical resources) for subtracting numbers with more than 4-digits are place value counters and Dienes.


## Representations

The key representations used are place value grids, bar models and part-part-whole diagrams (which encourage children to apply their knowledge of place value).


## Factual knowledge

The key factual knowledge includes recall of addition/subtraction facts to 100 and doubling/halving facts to 100 and Roman Numerals I-M.


## Procedural knowledge

The key methods is formal column subtraction.

|  | Th | H | T | O |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | 5 | 6 | 3 | $1_{3}$ |
| - | 4 | 3 | 1 | 6 |
|  | 1 | 3 | 2 | 7 |

## Subtraction in Year 5

1. The recommended manipulatives (physical resources) for subtracting numbers with more than 4- digits are place value counters and dienes.
2. The key representations used are: part-partwhole diagrams, bar models (which encourage children to apply their knowledge of place value) and place value grids.
3. The key methods is formal column subtraction.

|  | Th | H | T | O |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 5 | 6 | 3 | 13 |
| - | 4 | 3 | 1 | 6 |
|  | 1 | 3 | 2 | 7 |

## YEAR 5: Multiplication

## Manipulatives

The recommended manipulatives (physical resources) for multiplying numbers with up to 4- digits are place value counters and Dienes.


## Representations

The key representations used are number lines, place value grids and bar models.


## Factual knowledge

The key factual knowledge includes recall of all multiplication tables.


## Procedural knowledge

The key methods are grid method and formal column multiplication.

| $\times$ | 40 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 30 | 1,200 | 120 |
| 2 | 80 | 8 |



## Multiplication in Year 5

Annie earns $£ 1,325$ per week.
How much would he earn in 4 weeks?


| $\times$ | 40 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 30 | 1,200 | 120 |
| 2 | 80 | 8 |



## YEAR 5: Division

## Manipulatives

The recommended manipulatives (physical resources) for Division numbers with up are place value counters and Dienes.


## Representations

The key representations used are bar models and part- part whole models.


## Factual knowledge

The key factual knowledge includes recall of all multiplication tables.

## Procedural knowledge

The key methods are short division.


## Division in Year 5



Jack is dividing 84 by 4 using place value counters
(-) (-) (1) 1
First, he divides the tens. Then, he divides the ones.


## YEAR 5: Fractions

## Manipulatives

The recommended manipulatives (physical resources) for fractions are Cuisenaire.


## Representations

The key representations are number lines, PPW diagrams and bar models.


## Procedural knowledge

The key procedures are converting between mixed numbers and fractions, adding/subtracting fractions with different denominators and

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{2}=\frac{2}{4}=\frac{3}{6}=\frac{4}{8} \\
& \frac{1}{3}=\frac{2}{6}=\frac{3}{9}=\frac{4}{12} \\
& \frac{1}{5}=\frac{2}{10}=\frac{3}{15}=\frac{4}{20}
\end{aligned}
$$

The key factual knowledge includes the recall and recognition of equivalent fractions (whose denominators are multiples of the same number); writing decimal numbers as fractions.

$$
\text { [for example, } 0.71=\frac{71}{100} \text { ] }
$$



## Fractions in Year 5


2. The key representations are blank number lines, part-part-whole diagrams and bar models.
3. The key procedural knowledge includes: counting in fractions on a number line, ordering fractions with the same denominator, multiplying fractions by integers.

$\frac{3}{5}+\frac{4}{5}$


The model shows the product of $\frac{1}{4}$ and 9 .


Multiply:

$$
\frac{1}{4} \times 9=\square
$$

